## Future Delta 2.0:

A place-based educational videogame for social mobilization on climate change



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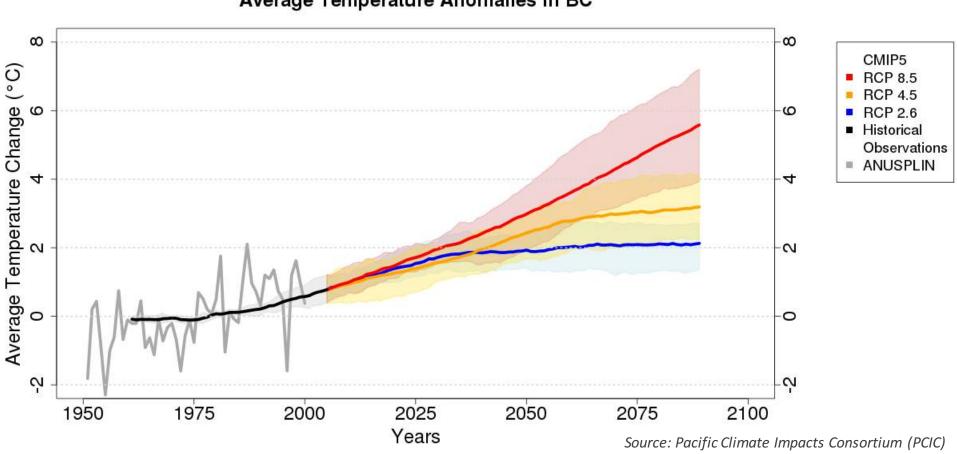


October 13th, 2016

## Projected BC warming



Average Temperature Anomalies in BC





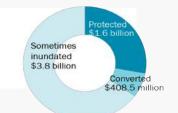
## 1 Why a videogame?



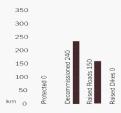
- Build awareness and capacity among the youth who will be most affected
- Influence behaviour and civic engagement
- Reach the disinterested: integrate the fun factor of games for social change
- Establish and validate a template for wider use of such games (such games are rarely tested)



## **Build Up Scenario**

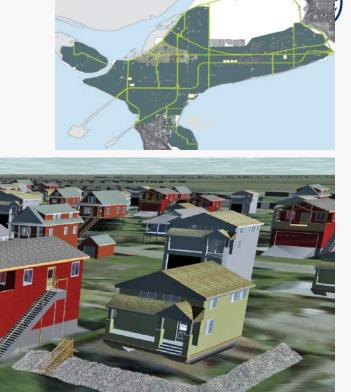


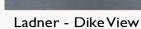




Value of Land & Buildings Agricultural Land Area

Road & Dike Length





Build Up Scenario (hypothetical year 2100)

1.2 metres sea level rise

CO BY-NC-ND

# Build Up Scenario





Ladner - Dike View

Build Up Scenario (hypothetical year 2100)

1.2 metres sea level rise

# 2. Design Rationale



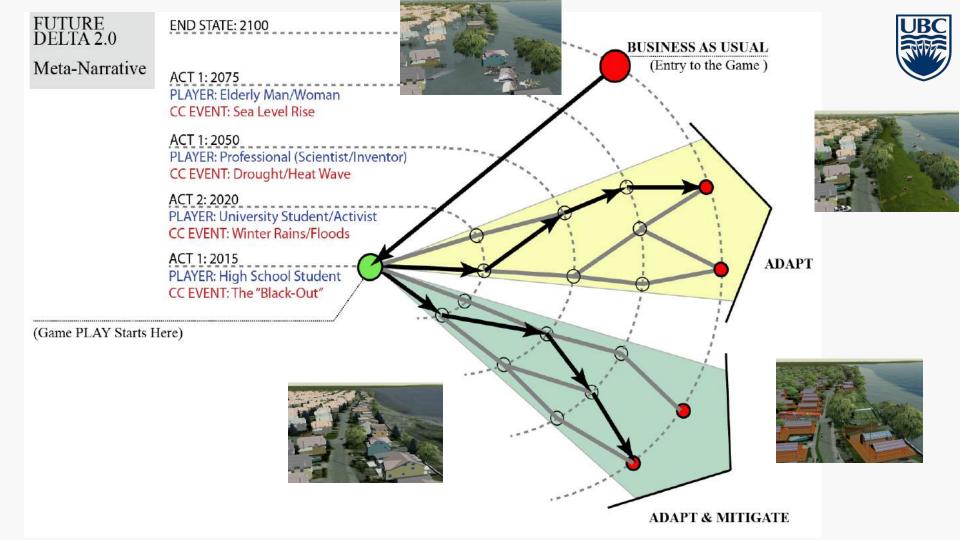
Integrating Approaches from	Example	
Climate change scenarios	Time-travel – visualizing & modifying player's own future	
Climate change communications/psychology	<b>Emotional engagement</b> – player has vested interest in game outcomes	
Landscape visualization theory	Place attachment, caring and identity – via realism in real places	
Interactive arts	Social interaction and dialogue encourages sustainable behaviours	
Experiential/Inquiry learning	<b>Different pathways</b> through the narrative — outcomes based on user choices	
Commercial videogames	Fun – interactive engagement in various gameplay modes with rewards	









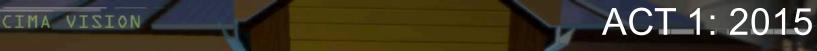




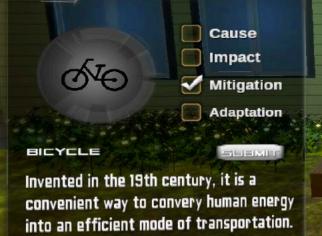
## Basic Overview: How the game works







Open 'sandbox' exploring and Tagging everyday objects related to climate change using CIMA vision



Location: North Delta



Act 3: 2035 – community dialogue to select future scenario option. Here, floating homes with renewable energy shows climate change adaptation & mitigation





## 4. Game Evaluation and Results



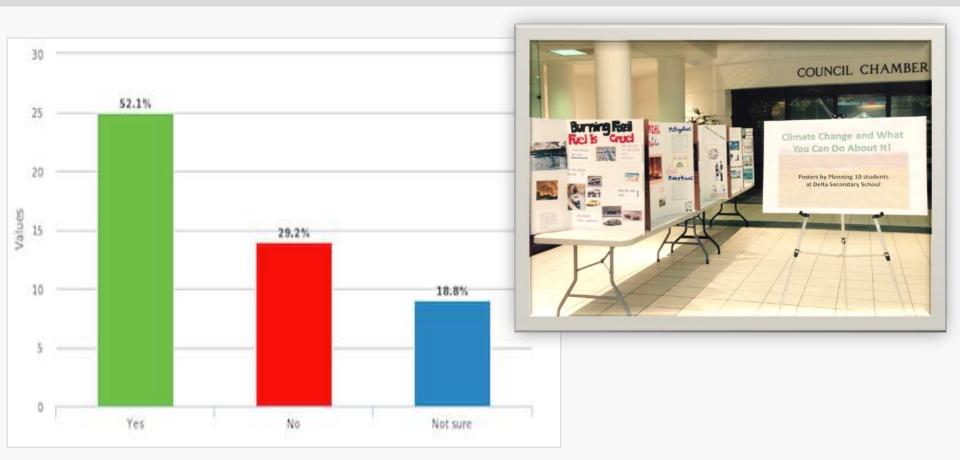
### **TESTING IN SCHOOLS:**

150 Grade 10 students in 5 classes (3 social science, 2 science)

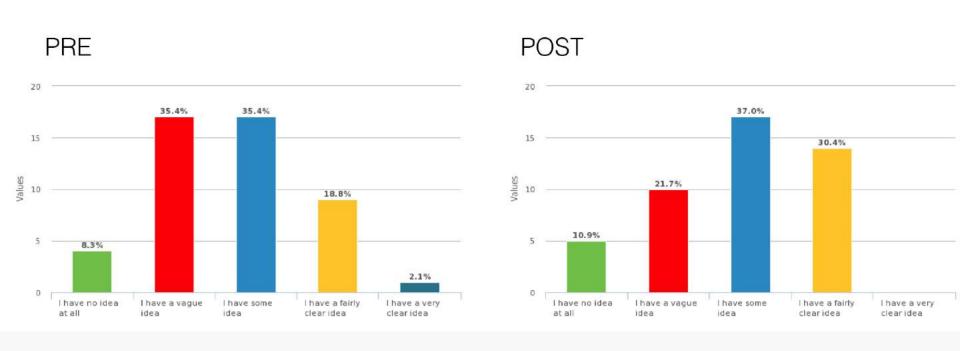
- 2 teachers from 2 schools
- Delivered over 2-3 weeks
  (3-5 class sessions)



# Post Survey Response: "Has playing the video game made you think differently about climate change?"



# "How knowledgeable do you feel about the effects that climate change may have in your local area?"



### 4. Game Evaluation Results – Delta Secondary (Ladner BC)



of the 78 students at Delta Secondary 25 made statements that associated fun and learning in some way.

#### **FUN & LEARNING**

### PERCEPTIONS OF FUN & LEARNING MATRIX. Total # of responses = 32

	Fun	No Fun
Learning = Yes	22	3
Learning = No	3	3
Learning = Unclear	1	0

<sup>• 32</sup> responses total from 25 individuals students commenting within 5 post game play survey mechanisms:

<sup>(</sup>a) Tutorial (b) Act 1, (c) Act 2, (d) Act 3 and (e) Post-Game Evaluation Survey

## 4. Game Evaluation Results – Delta Secondary (Ladner BC)



#### **FUN & LEARNING**

"Gaining knowledge points. I felt like I was progressing"

"fun and better than regular textbook work"

"I learn better by exploring/experiencing"

"Its more fun than a regular class, and also can take knowledge during the game"

## Resources that are available to date:





Visualizing Climate Change textbook on science basics, local solutions, visual catalogue of climate change, guidance on media, etc.

visualizingclimatechange.ca

